

11/16/00

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JC598 U.S. PTO  
09/7/12914  
11/16/00

# REQUEST FOR FILING A CONTINUATION OR DIVISION OF AN INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION

DOCKET NUMBER	ANTICIPATED CLASSIFICATION OF THIS APPLICATION		PRIOR APPLICATION EXAMINER	ART UNIT
367.39277X00	CLASS	SUBCLASS		

Address to:  
Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

This is a request for filing a ☒ continuation ☐ divisional application under 37 CFR 1.53(b), of pending prior international application Number PCT PCT/GB99/03083, filed on 13 SEP 99 entitled COMMUNICATION DEVICE

which designated the United States.

Note: 37 CFR 1.53(c) or (d) cannot be used to file a continuation or divisional application of an international application which has not entered the national stage.

CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	22 - 20 =	2	x \$ 18.00 =	\$ 36.00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(b))	3 - 3 =	0	x \$ 80.00 =	0.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable) (37 CFR 1.16(d))			+ \$ =	
				BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))	+ 710.00
				Total of above Calculations =	746.00
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				0.00
				TOTAL =	746.00

- Enclosed are the specification, claims and drawing(s).
- ☐ A statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 1.27 is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 020457. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 746 is enclosed.
- ☒ Amend the specification by inserting before the first line the sentence: "This application is a ☒ continuation ☐ division of international application number PCT PCT/GB99/03083, filed 13 September 1999, (status, abandoned, pending, etc.)."

[Page 1 of 2]

Burden Hour Statement This form is estimated to take 0.5 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231

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(REQUEST FOR FILING A CONTINUATION OR DIVISION OF AN INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION, PAGE 2)

6. ☐ A declaration under 37 CFR 1.63 is enclosed.

7. ☐ Priority of foreign application number \_\_\_\_\_, filed on \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_  
is claimed under 35 U.S.C. 119(a) - (d).

☐ The certified copy is enclosed.

8. ☐ A preliminary amendment is enclosed.

9. ☒ Also enclosed: See 1 in Addendum

Address all future correspondence to: (May only be completed by applicant, or attorney or agent of record.)

11/16/00  
Date

  
Signature

Carl I. Brundidge  
Typed or printed name

- ☐ Inventor(s)  
☐ Assignee of complete interest. Certification under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed.  
☒ Attorney or agent of record  
☒ Filed under 37 CFR 1.34(a)

Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34(a). 29621

09/16/00 12:54:44

## Addendum

1. INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT W/REFS.; INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION AS FILED; FIGS. 1-4; CREDIT CARD PAYMENT FORM, CHANGE OF CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

COPIES OF THE APPLICATION AND THE SEARCH REPORT ARE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW AT THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE, 400 MICHIGAN AVENUE, N.E., WASHINGTON, D.C. 20002-4219.

**PCT (ANNEX - FEE CALCULATION SHEET)**

PAT99018\*PC

Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 13.09.1999 12:24:01 PM


(This sheet is not part of and does not count as a sheet of the international application)

0	<b>For receiving Office use only</b>	
0-1	International Application No.	
0-2	Date stamp of the receiving Office	
0-4	Form - PCT/RO/101 (Annex) PCT Fee Calculation Sheet Prepared using	PCT-EASY Version 2.84 (updated 01.07.1999)
0-9	Applicant's or agent's file reference	PAT99018*PC
2	Applicant	NOKIA MOBILE PHONES LIMITED, et al.
12	Calculation of prescribed fees	fee amount/multiplier      total amounts (GBP)
12-1	Transmittal fee T	⇒ 55
12-2	Search fee S	⇒ 638
12-3	International fee Basic fee (first 30 sheets) b1	285
12-4	Remaining sheets	0
12-5	Additional amount (X) b2	6
12-6	Total additional amount	0
12-7	b1 + b2 = B	285
12-8	Designation fees Number of designations contained in international application	81
12-9	Number of designation fees payable (maximum 10)	10
12-10	Amount of designation fee (X)	65
12-11	Total designation fees D	650
12-12	PCT-EASY fee reduction R	-88
12-13	Total International fee (B+D-R) I	⇒ 847
12-17	TOTAL FEES PAYABLE (T+S+I+P)	⇒ 1,540
12-19	Mode of payment	authorization to charge deposit account
12-20	Deposit account instructions The receiving Office:	United Kingdom Patent Office (RO/GB)
12-20-1	is hereby authorized to charge the total fees indicated above to my deposit account	✓
12-20-2	is hereby authorized to charge any deficiency or credit any over-payment in the total fees indicated above to my deposit account	✓
12-20-3	is hereby authorized to charge the fee for preparation and transmittal of the priority document to the International Bureau of WIPO to my deposit account	✓
12-21	Deposit account No.	D02716
12-22	Date	13 September 1999 (13.09.1999)

## PCT (ANNEX - FEE CALCULATION SHEET)

PAT99018\*PC

Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 13.09.1999 12:24:01 PM

12-23	Name and signature	HAWS, Helen Louise 
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## VALIDATION LOG AND REMARKS

13-2-3	Validation messages Names	Green? Agent 1.: Where several first/given names are indicated, they should preferably be separated by a comma. Please verify.
13-2-4	Validation messages Priority	Green? No priority of an earlier application has been claimed. Please verify
13-2-6	Validation messages Contents	Yellow! The power of attorney or a copy of the general power of attorney will need to be furnished unless all applicants sign the request form.
13-2-8	Validation messages Payment	Green? Please ensure that you have a valid deposit account with the receiving Office selected.

Communication Device

- 5 The invention relates to programming a communication device with identifying information.

Before a communication device such as a radio telephone bought off-the-shelf is fully functional it is necessary for the purchaser to sign up with a  
10 service provider. Although a telephone is manufactured with a unique Electronic Serial Number ESN, in order to connect to a radio telephone system of the purchasers choice (eg AWS or Bell Mobility), the radio telephone must be provided with sufficient information to identify the radio telephone user and the system to which it is connected for calls to be  
15 routed to it. This information is provided in the Number Assignment Module (NAM) information.

The NAM information includes a Mobile Identification Number (MIN) and data indicating the service provider chosen. In addition to this information  
20 relating to the specific radio telephone and service provider, the NAM includes security data used during registration to confirm the identity of the radio telephone and data providing details of a 'Home Traffic Area' and 'System Control Channels'. The details of the 'System Control Channels' may include information relating to the level of service requested such as an  
25 access overload class providing information relating to the relative priority given to calls made by the specific subscriber. The radio telephone uses all this NAM information along with its ESN to gain access to the chosen radio telephone system.

30 With the increasingly wide use made of radio telephones the need has arisen for them to be purchased at outlets other than the traditional dedicated shops. Phones are available to purchase at convenience stores and gas stations. Traditionally, the cost of a handset has been subsidised when the purchaser signs a contract for a period with a particular service  
35 provider. Without this subsidy the cost of a handset is unattractive to the purchaser and in order to encourage customers to buy phones through

nondedicated outlets it is important that there is the potential for the handsets to be available with a subsidy.

- 5 A problem arises when the phones are not sold by dedicated sales outlets as it falls to the purchaser to secure a service provider and programme the relevant NAM information into the phone. As under these circumstances the programmer is inevitably inexperienced, the procedure needs to be simple but also the service provider subsidising the cost of the phone needs to be fairly certain that the purchaser is going to take out a contract with  
10 them rather than with a rival provider.

As it will generally be the purchaser that programmes the phone under these circumstances, this process must be straightforward as the programmer will inevitably be relatively inexperienced.

- 15 The NAM is important to the functioning of the phone and the information stored in the NAM must therefore be well protected from inadvertent changes. To prevent the NAM from being changed inadvertently the storage of information at the relevant locations is code protected. It is therefore necessary for the purchaser to know the code in order to be able  
20 to programme the NAM. This is where a problem arises. If the code is known to the purchaser the NAM can be programmed with any data including data relating to a system provider other than the provider that subsidised the cost of the phone.
- 25 To prevent the customer from being free to choose any service provider when a subsidised phone has been purchased, the code has generally been made specific to a particular phone and retained by the service provider. This is because if a universal code were to be used this would soon be public knowledge and purchasers of subsidised phones would no longer  
30 need to sign up with a contract to the subsidising provider. This would almost inevitably lead to the end of subsidised phones through non-dedicated outlets.

- 35 In accordance with the present invention there is provided a communication device addressable with reference to identifying data and having memory

locations for storing the identifying data comprising a processor responsive to a code for controlling the storage of identifying data in the memory locations, the processor being responsive to an incoming signal addressing the device with reference to the stored identification data to change the code for  
5 subsequently controlling the storage of identification data in the memory locations.

In accordance with a second aspect of the invention there is provided a radio telephone for operation in a telecommunications network in which it is  
10 addressable using user-specific identification data the radio telephone comprising a memory for storing user-specific identification data; a processor responsive to a code for controlling storage of the user-specific identification data in the memory and to an incoming message addressing the radio telephone with reference to the stored identification data for changing the  
15 code for controlling storage of the user-specific identification data.

In accordance with a third aspect of the invention there is provided a method of activating a communication device for operation in a telecommunications network, the communications device having a memory for storing user-specific  
20 identification data the method comprising the steps of entering a code to enter a mode for programming the identification data; entering identification data for storage in the memory locations; and changing the code in response to receiving a message addressing the device with reference to the stored identification data.

25 By having a code for accessing the NAM storage area that changes once the phone has been addressed, the code change is to an extent under the control of the service provider. The provider can end any programming session by making a call to the programmed handset. This will have two  
30 advantages, the first is that the service provider can check that the handset has been correctly programmed. The second is that the code can be changed so that a second code is required before the NAM can be reprogrammed.

35 The second code is advantageously another phone specific code. This second code is then known only to the service provider who can provide the



information to the phone purchaser once the terms of the initial contract have been complied with. Once the second code is known to the user any service provider can be used as the NAM can be programmed and reprogrammed at will. In this way once the initial period of the contract has expired the user can select a new service provider and is free to change operator.

By changing the code only when the phone has been correctly programmed, the user is able to use the first code to correct any errors in programming. If the code were to be changed immediately, the second code would need to be released if a programming error was made. Of course a third or even more codes could be used to allow corrections to be made but a change of code to a code retained by the service provider in response to an incoming message provides advantages.

The second code may be stored on the phone. In one embodiment the second code may be randomly generated.

The application will now be described in more detail with reference to Figures of the drawings of which:

Figure 1 is a schematic representation of a radio telephone of an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a schematic representation of a radio telephone of an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 3 is a flow chart showing a process for storing identification information in the NAM in accordance with an embodiment of the invention; and

Figure 4 is a flow chart showing user operation of the radio telephone during the process of Figure 3.

Figures 1 and 2 are schematic representations of a radio telephone 1. As is conventional, the radio telephone 1 includes a transceiver 2 including R.F. circuitry 3 (Figure 2) connected to an external antenna 4 and coupled to a

microprocessor unit (MPU) 5 that receives signals from a keyboard 6, controls telephone functions 7 and displays information on a display 8. The telephone 1 has its own inherent telephone number by virtue of a NAM 9 contained within the main unit of the radio telephone. The NAM contains user-specific  
5 information that is programmed into the phone to allow calls to be made and received.

Figure 3 is a schematic showing the process of programming user-specific NAM information into the phone to replace existing data that in this embodiment are  
10 factory default settings.

In order to start using a subsidised handset purchased from a retail outlet, for example, the user must contact a service provider. The literature provided with the phone will inform the purchaser of the telephone number of the service  
15 provider and probably the programming method. It will NOT give the subsidy code necessary for NAM programming mode to be entered.

The user will power up the telephone (block 30) for the first time and call the service provider. The service provider could, however, be contacted in other  
20 ways, for example, via computer. During this call, the purchaser provides the service provider with information (block 31). This will include the ESN of the phone and the personal information necessary for the all important credit checks to be carried out (block 32). Once the service provider is satisfied of the credentials of the purchaser, the customer is provided with the subsidy  
25 code, specific to the phone. This code will have been provided to the service provider by the manufacturer of the phone along with the ESN of the particular device and perhaps further authentication data. The customer will also be provided with the user-specific information such as the MIN and SID which needs to be entered in the phone (block 33).

30 Armed with the subsidy code, and NAM data the user follows the programming instructions that will be provided with the purchased phone (block 34). Preferably, the user performs this programming while still connected to the service provider. Once programming is completed the user informs the service  
35 centre that the process is complete (block 35) and the service provider places a call to the now programmed handset (block 36) using the programmed identity.

Figure 4 is flow chart illustrating in greater detail one embodiment of the invention describing how the data may be input.

- To begin NAM programming the phone is powered up, (block 41) and a function code entered (block 42). In this example the code is \*#639#. This would, in an unsubsidised phone be sufficient to enter the NAM programming mode. However, with a subsidised phone the user must follow this with a subsidy code e.g. 1234 and a further #. The initial programme flag is checked (block 43). This determines whether the phone is being programmed for the first time or if it is a subsequent reprogramming. The initial programme flag in this embodiment determines which subsidy code is required to allow NAM programming. If it is the first time the NAM is being programmed the first subsidy code is required. If it is a subsequent programming the second subsidy code will be needed. If the initial programming flag is set, the code entered is compared with the first subsidy code to ensure it is correct and that the next stage of programming can continue (block 44). If the code is correct, the phone prompts the user to enter the telephone number (MIN) and once this has been input press the send key. The MIN should be a 10 digit number. The phone checks that the correct number of digits have been entered (block 45) and if so prompts SID and options? At this point the system ID which is a 5 digit number and any other data necessary is entered. Once the data has been entered the entry is terminated with another press of the send key. If this meets the required protocol, the data is accepted (block 46).
- To validate the data a checksum may be generated from the MIN and SID entered. This checksum can then be verified with the operator over the phone line or, this checksum may have been provided by the operator along with the first subsidy code and the MIN and SID information (block 47).
- If the check sum is not confirmed, the user can press the end key and return to normal operation of the phone at which point the NAM programming mode can be re-entered using the function code \*#639# and the same subsidy code and the process repeated.
- If the check sum is correct the remaining NAM information is generated from the MIN and SID (block 48). The information generated may include, for example,

the access overload class or the system control channel. This information is to be stored in the NAM along with the MIN and SID entered through the keyboard and possibly other default settings.

- 5 The entered NAM data replaces the existing data in the NAM in this embodiment as soon as the checksum verification occurs (block 49). Once the NAM has been programmed with user-specific data, the phone is able to receive a call.
- 10 Up to this point the process can be started again if, for instance, an error has been made and the entire programming session started again by entering the NAM programming code \*#639# and the subsidy lock provided by the network. This is possible while an 'initial programming flag' is set in the E<sup>2</sup>PROM.
- 15 Provided the data has been entered correctly the radio telephone should now have its own individual identity and can be used to make and receive calls. It is after this point that the subsidy code of the phone is altered. As it is possible that all the data has not been entered correctly even if a checksum has been used. It is preferable that the subsidy code is not altered until the proper
- 20 operation of the telephone has been confirmed. This can be done by making sure the phone can receive a call.

- As part of the final check the service provider can put a call through to the new user. If the NAM has been correctly programmed the phone will be able to
- 25 receive and act on signals sent from the network. In this embodiment once the phone has received an alert signal and begun to ring (block 49), the 'initial programming flag' is reset (block 50) and the subsidy code changes to a new value known only to the service provider, the 2<sup>nd</sup> subsidy code (block 51). The new subsidy code for example 5678 would from then on be necessary in order
  - 30 to enter the NAM programming mode. The second subsidy code could already be stored in the phone although other options such as over the air provision are possible. In addition to a new subsidy code, a new function code could also be necessary to reprogramme the NAM.
  - 35 Messages other than the alert message could be used to reset the flag although the alert signal has the advantage that it not only achieves the

network goals in that it changes the subsidy code but it also provides tangible confirmation to the user that the phone is now working.

A non-exclusive list of messages that could be used to reset the flag are:

- 5           1.     Page (valid phone number required)
2.     Voice Channel Allocation (already received a Page)
3.     Alert (audible confirmation that phone is active)
4.     Maintenance (silent confirmation)
5.     Audit (valid phone number required, minimal response from
- 10   phone)

It is not the particular message that is important rather that the programmed phone is able to identify that it is being addressed and act to reset the flag in response.

15

Different protocols will have different signals that fulfill the requirements.

20

Once the NAM has been properly programmed for the first time and the subsidy lock changed, in order to unlock the NAM for reprogramming a second function code may be required as well as the new subsidy code. In an alternative to the present embodiment the code \*#775#5678 could be entered in order for the phone to prompt input of the new NAM data. The processes described with reference to Figure 4 would then be repeated with the new NAM data.

25

The second subsidy code could be used to protect a number of different functions that the operator did not want the user to access. It is also possible in embodiments of the invention that the user would still be able to access a subset of the NAM for reprogramming without requiring the second subsidy code. For example, the second subsidy code could be required for the entire

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NAM to be reprogrammed whereas reprogramming on an existing network could still be possible using the first subsidy code.

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The present invention includes any novel feature or combination of features disclosed herein either explicitly or any generalisation thereof irrespective of whether or not it relates to the claimed invention or mitigates any or all of the problems addressed.

In view of the foregoing description it will be evident to a person skilled in the art that various modifications may be made within the scope of the invention.

5 What is claimed is:-

1. A communication device addressable with reference to identifying data and having memory locations for storing the identifying data comprising a processor responsive to a code for controlling the storage of identifying data in the memory locations, the processor being responsive to an incoming  
5 signal addressing the device with reference to the stored identification data to change the code for subsequently controlling the storage of identification data in the memory locations.
2. A communication device according to claim 1 wherein the identification  
10 data includes data identifying a particular service provider
3. A communication device according to claim 1 wherein the communication device is a radio telephone and the incoming signal addressing the device is the first call received by the device having a new identity.  
15
4. A communication device according to claim 1 wherein a second code is stored in the phone to which the code is changed.
5. A communication device according to claim 4 wherein the second code is  
20 specific to the communication device.
6. A communication device according to claim 4 wherein the second code is randomly generated.
- 25 7. A communication device according to claim 1 wherein the code is specific to the communication device.
8. A communication device according to claim 1 wherein the code is randomly generated  
30
9. A communication device according to claim 1 wherein the identification data includes MIN data.
10. A radio telephone for operation in a telecommunications network in  
35 which it is addressable using user-specific identification data comprising a memory for storing user-specific identification data;

a processor responsive to a code for controlling data storage in the memory and to receipt of an incoming message addressing the radio telephone with reference to the stored identification data for changing the code for subsequently programming identification data.

5

11. A radio telephone according to claim 10 wherein the identification data includes data identifying a particular service provider

10

12. A radio telephone according to claim 10 wherein the incoming signal addressing the device is the first call received by the device having a new identity.

15

13. A radio telephone according to claim 10 wherein a second code is stored in the phone to which the code is changed.

20

14. A radio telephone according to claim 13 wherein the second code is specific to the radio telephone.

15. A radio telephone according to claim 13 wherein the second code is randomly generated.

16. A radio telephone according to claim 10 wherein the code is specific to the radio telephone.

25

17. A radio telephone according to claim 10 wherein the code is randomly generated

18. A radio telephone according to claim 10 wherein the identification data includes MIN data.

30

19. A method of activating a communications device for operation in a telecommunications network, the communications device having a memory for storing user-specific identification data comprising the steps of entering a code to enter a mode for programming the identification data; entering identification data for storage in the memory locations; and changing the code in response to receiving a message addressing the

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the device with reference to the stored identification data.

20. A method according to claim 19 wherein the step of receiving a message addressing the device with reference to the stored identification data is the first call received by the device having a new identity.

21. A method according to claim 19 wherein the step of changing the code comprises storing a second code in the device to which the code is changed.

22. A method according to claim 21 wherein the second code is stored in the device prior to programming the identification data.

Abstract

5 The invention relates to programming subsidised radio telephones with NAM data. The invention provides a subsidy code to allow a user to programme the NAM. This code changes once programming is complete in response to an incoming call.

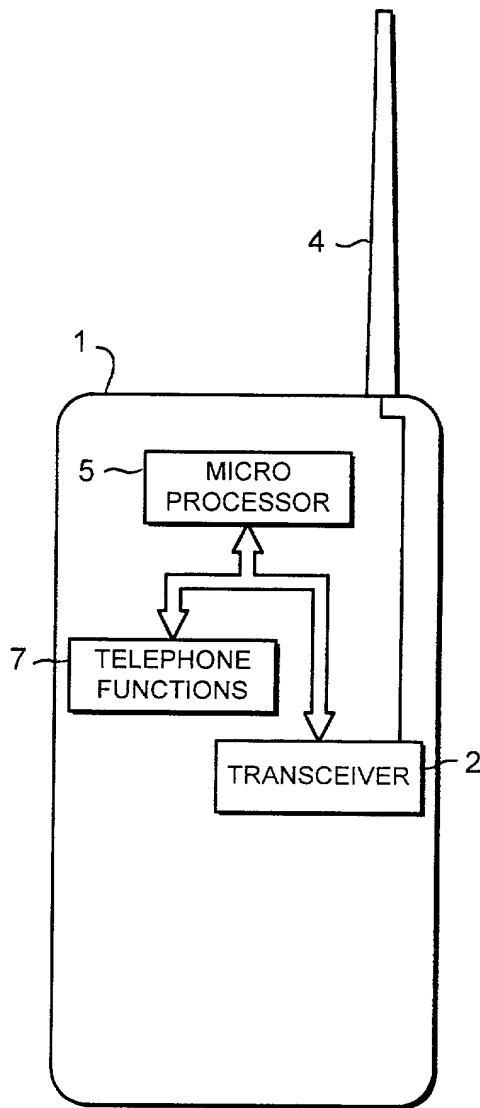


FIG. 1

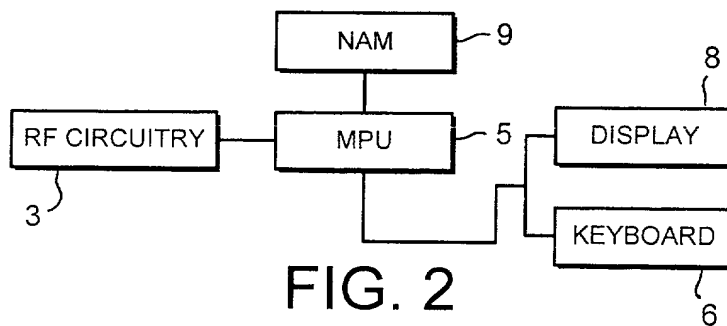


FIG. 2

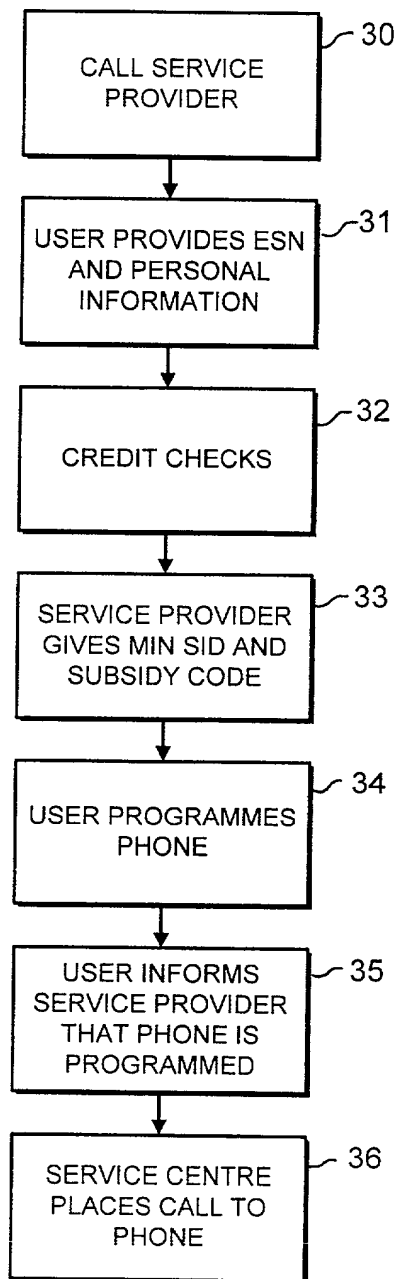


FIG. 3

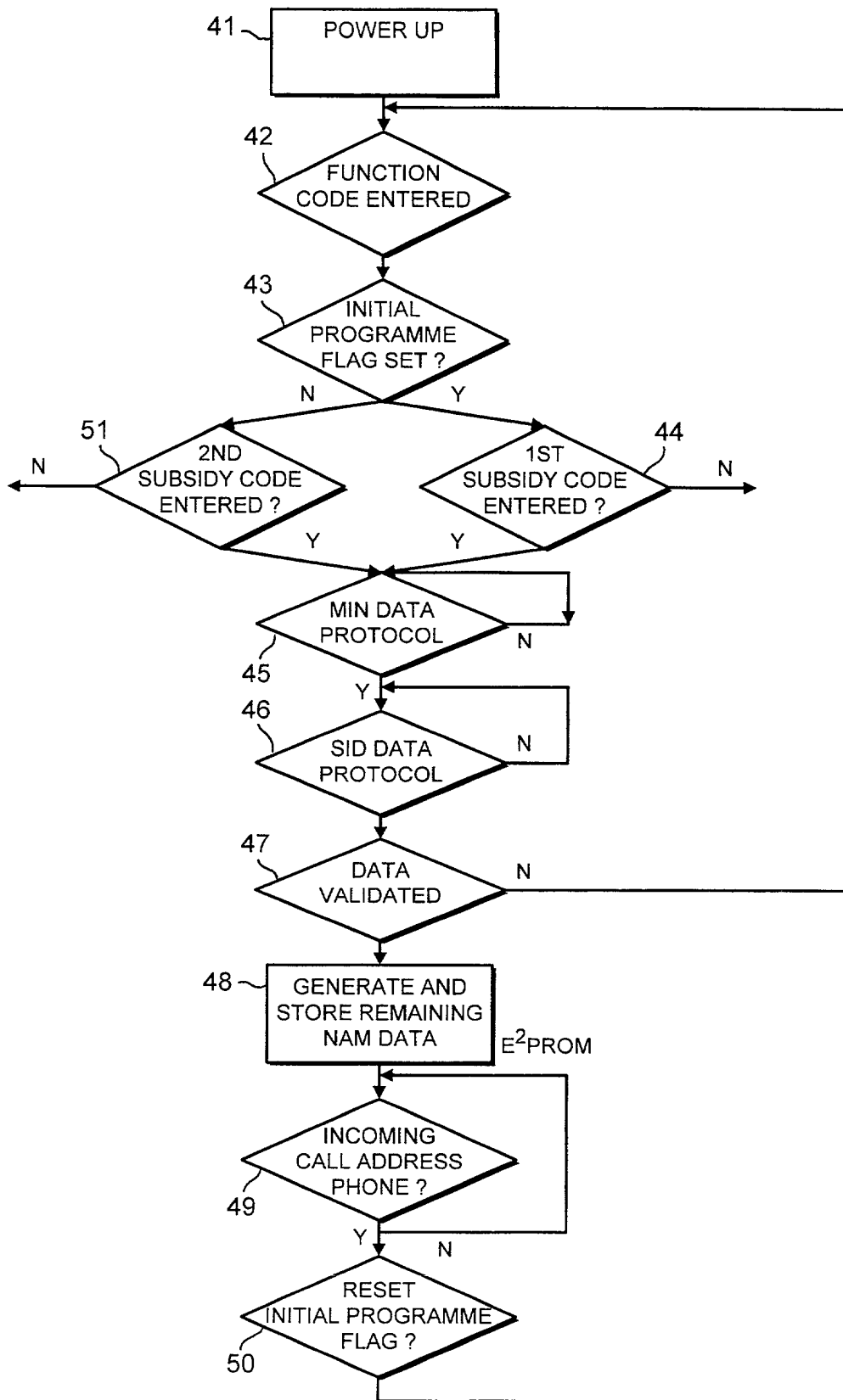


FIG. 4

**CHANGE OF  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS**  
*Application*Address to:  
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Washington, D.C. 20231

Application Number

Filing Date

NOVEMBER 16, 2000

First Named Inventor

Y. REBELLO

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Attorney or agent of record .

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Printed Name

Carl I. Brundidge

Registration NO. 29,621

Signature

Date